

# AMARILLO DAILY NEWS

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## ROOSEVELT SENDS CAUCUS MESSAGE

WAS READ BEFORE FIFTEEN HOUSE LOYAL PROGRESSIVES

## THEY CAN'T AMALGAMATE

BIG MOOSE ATTACKS POLICIES OF BOTH OLD PARTIES AND ADVISES HIS FOLLOWERS TO KEEP ALONE

By Associated Press

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 5.—Ex-President Roosevelt's message to the House progressives was read at the caucus today.

Roosevelt declares the progressives can not amalgamate with either old party. He attacks the democratic state rights doctrine and intimates that the republicans are committed to the theory of government by courts, and legislatures as opposed to direct legislation.

### ALFONSO MADERO TALKS WITH CARRANZA

EAGLE PASS, Texas, April 5.—Alfonso Madero, head of the Madero house, arrived in Eagle Pass today and had a conference with Gov. Carranza at the International Monument on the bridge between Eagle Pass and Piedras Negras.

Senior Carranza arrived in Piedras Negras Wednesday night on a special train. Anticipating his arrival, a multitude had gathered at the station that broke into cries of "Hurra for the Constitution of '57" and down with the traitor and usurper Huerta," as the governor stepped from the train.

From the hotel at which Carranza stopped several orators made speeches that were loudly applauded. Gov. Carranza will probably remain in Piedras Negras several days.

### Nearing Crisis at Cairo

CAIRO, Ill., April 5.—Conditions throughout the Ohio river basin, as reported to the Weather Bureau here tonight, indicate that whether the flood waters at this point are to be held within bounds will be known within twenty-four hours. Certain of these conditions did not savor of encouragement for Cairo. With the crest of the flood only a short distance upstream, rain was reported generally in the territory drained by the Ohio and its tributaries. Farther up the river, the Wabash was reported as falling. Both the Cumberland and Tennessee were said to be rising.

In addition, the Mississippi is rising between Cairo and St. Louis. This fact is looked upon as possibly the most serious of all, because the Ohio needs a free outlet to prevent a backing up of waters on the levees here.

### Men Stationed Along Rio Grande

LAREDO, Texas, April 5.—Acting on orders received from the War Department this morning to prosecute a vigorous patrol of the border to prevent violation of the neutrality laws, Col. Breuer, commander of Fort McIntosh, this afternoon dispatched two troops of the Fourteenth Cavalry to point some miles distant from here on the river to encamp for an indefinite time. Full equipment and supplies accompanied the soldiers. Sheriff Sanchez has reported to the War Department that Mexican rebels were attempting to smuggle large quantities of arms and ammunition into Mexico at a designated point on the Rio Grande.

**Deny Huerta Resignation**

By Associated Press  
NEW ORLEANS, La., April 5.—Dr. Ormeals, consul general to Mexico, received an official denial today of the report that Huerta has resigned the presidency in favor of Lascărăin.

## BANDIT LACOMBE COMMITS SUICIDE

DIVES FROM PRISON ROOF TO STONE COURT BELOW

By Associated Press

PARIS, France, April 5.—Anarchist bandit Lacombe, who confessed to the murder of Editor Ducret, committed suicide today in prison.

He escaped from his cell, but was found on the roof. When he saw that his capture was inevitable, the bandit saluted the warden, smiled and dived to the stone court, several stories below, where he was instantly killed.

## New Counsellor to Chinese Republic



The Chinese republic recently selected Frank Johnson Goodnow of Brooklyn, N. Y., to act as its legal adviser in the reform of the constitution of the Chinese republic. His particular duty will be to shape that instrument in accord with the best modern thought and still avoid untried experiments.

Professor Goodnow is 51 years old, and for the past 20 years has been a member of the staff of Columbia University. He is internationally known as a student of constitutional government. He is the author of numerous books upon governmental and economic questions. He was educated at Amherst, Columbia, the University of Berlin, and the Ecole des Sciences Politiques.

The Reorganized Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints claims to be the church in succession to the one founded by Joseph Smith in 1830. Its membership now numbers about 65,000. The general headquarters are in Lamoni,

## CONGRESS READY FOR ASSEMBLING

### MEMBERS BOTH BRANCHES OF CONGRESS NOW ARRIVING

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 5.—Many members of both houses of congress arrived today and by late tomorrow night practically the complete strength of the Sixty-third congress will be in the city. At noon Monday more than half a thousand senators and representatives will assemble in the capitol at the opening of the extraordinary session called by President Wilson to revise the tariff.

The political complexion of the two branches of congress will be as follows:

House—Democrats, 261; Republicans, 97; Progressives, Progressive Republicans and Washington party men, 47.

Senate—Democrats, 51; Republicans, 44; Progressives, 1.

For the first time in many years the Democrats will have a working majority in both branches. And for the first time there will be an organized third party in the house, a party numerically small, it is true, but one that is expected, nevertheless, to play a conspicuous part in the proceedings.

By reason of the change resulting from the election last November, many new faces will be seen at both ends of the capital. Of the 261 Democrats in the house, 140 will be new members, untried and uninitiated into the ways of congress. There will be 144 Republicans and Progressives, and of these 55 will be freshmen.

The capitol is spick and span in readiness for the session. In the hot interval since the adjournment of the Sixty-second congress a small army of employees has been at work repairing and refurbishing the two chambers and the host of committee rooms in the main building and the two immense office buildings. The most notable change, of course, has been the substitution of benches for the time-honored swivel chairs and desks in the house.

The opinion is going around that the session will devote itself almost wholly to the tariff and that all other matters acted upon will be of minor importance. Of course, when congress is once opened any measure may be brought forward by any member of either branch, but the success of enterprise not touched off by the president and the leaders of his party would be very doubtful.

Early action is desired by the Democrats in regard to the currency and other reforms, but with the main task of tariff revision likely to occupy the most of the summer, it grows more and more apparent that other matters of importance will be necessarily left over until the regular session in December.

## ALLIES DEFYING GREAT POWERS

### PECULIAR SITUATION DEVELOPS IN BALKAN WAR

## QUESTION OF COERCION

### GREAT POWERS ARE PUZZLED AS TO METHOD OF COERCING THE SMALLEST KINGDOM IN EUROPE

By Associated Press

LONDON, April 5.—The progress of Balkan affairs is giving Europe much uneasiness. The allies have taken a defiant attitude and the question is how can coercion be accomplished.

The allies realize this and the harmony of Europe is being disrupted. The smallest kingdom in Europe defines six great powers.

### Conference of Latter Day Saints.

LAMONI, Ia., April 5.—Delegates are arriving in large numbers for the annual conference of the Reorganized Church of Latter Day Saints, which will be opened here tomorrow with President Joseph Smith of Independence, Mo., presiding. The conference will be in session for probably ten days, and will dispose of a large amount of routine business.

The business is always transacted at the afternoon sessions, the morning and evening sessions being devoted to religious services.

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## TEACHERS CLOSE MEET AT CANYON

### ASSOCIATION SELLECTS MEMPHIS FOR NEXT MEETING

CHICAGO, Ill., April 5.—The Panhandle Teachers Association convention closed here this afternoon, following a two days' continuance, after naming Memphis for the next place of meeting and electing Superintendent Taggart of the Memphis Public schools president of the Association. Superintendent Short of Terre Haute, Ind., was elected vice president.

The association adopted resolutions strongly endorsing the plan to consolidate the Agricultural and Mechanical College with the University of Texas, and approving the action of Governor Colquitt in vetoing the bill permitting sectarian colleges to grant first grade certificates to graduates.

Resolutions were also adopted favoring the citizens of Canyon for the hospitality shown and to the Normal officials for the use of the auditorium by the delegates.

The meeting was one of genuine interest, and many discussions of worth featured the two days' program. Visitors from Amarillo included Superintendent S. M. Byrd of the city schools, H. W. Stillwell, principal of the Amarillo High School, Miss Belle Shotwell, principal of the East Ward school, and Principals Pace and Gilley. Miss Shotwell figured prominently in the program with discussion of a special and interesting subject.

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By Associated Press

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 5.—Representative Mann of Illinois has been nominated republican candidate for speaker, and the political situation was generally discussed at a caucus of republicans tonight.

Ninety-seven republicans attended.

### EIGHT HOUR LAW FOR MINERS

JUNEAU, Alaska, April 5.—The Ingram eight-hour miners bill passed unanimously in the House today. It covers all except placer and non-metallic miners.

AMARILLO, TEXAS. SUNDAY, APRIL 7, 1913.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

## REBEL GOVERNOR DEFENDS ACTION

### CARRANZA ADDRESSES A STATEMENT TO AMERICAN PEOPLE

## DEFENSE OF INSURGENCY

### RECOGNITION NEW PARTY

By Associated Press

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., April 5.—A statement addressed to "the American people," by Venustiano Carranza, the rebel governor of Coahuila today, defends the state bourgeoisie saying: "If such acts as those of Huerta had occurred in Washington, as have occurred in Mexico City, if the chief of the army had overthrown the president and vice president and had assassinated them and by force of arms had assumed the chief magistrate, I ask the American people if they would follow others in conduct than those of the governors of Coahuila and Sonora. I believe not. The usurping president had not been in power twenty-four hours.

The progressives are puzzled as to method of coercing the smallest kingdom in Europe.

Underwood has indicated that he will give recognition to new party in the House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 5.—Plans for a strenuous legislative campaign during the coming session of congress were outlined today by a new organization of the progressive party in the House. Fifteen progressives spent the day in a series of conferences to perfect plans.

Recognition of the new party in the House was assured this afternoon when the majority leader, Underwood, was in conference with Representatives Murdock, Hinshausen and Stephens.

The progressives are jubilant over this decision. They intend to get into the legislative struggle aggressively, and the progressive fight in the House may start before the first roll call of members elect in committee on Monday.

They are considering a bill making H. O. G. Young, a member of the delegation from Michigan in favor of William L. McDonald, a progressive who has

been washed away.

The protest will probably be against his recognition in the temporary roll call when the session opens.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 5.—President Wilson's preferred agreement on sugar, which means one cent a pound duty for three years, and then free sugar, was rejected tonight by Senator Lansford, Representative Broward and Robert Ewing, democratic national committeeman for Louisiana. They offered the compromise to the president that he endorse one cent duty for three years with provision that duty be free at the end of that time if advisable.

The president was in conference with the delegation for more than an hour, but gave no intimation whether he would consider the offer of compromise. Chairman Underwood reached the White House just after the committee left, bringing the completed tariff bill for the president's final approval.

Mr. Underwood discussed the sugar compromise briefly with President Wilson, but it is understood that no changes will be made in the bill as it left the ways and means committee today.

President Wilson tonight, on the eve of convening congress into extra session is in command of the tariff situation and determined to uphold the tariff pledges of the democratic platform, adopted at Baltimore.

The important additions to the tariff bill reported tonight include: tax wool, hoots and shoes, bale leather, skins, meats, lard, salt, iron ore, timber, agricultural implements, sewing machines, typewriters, printing presses, road machinery, newsprint paper, wood pulp, cotton bagging, galvanized wire and steel rails.

The president is reported to have withheld the attack upon raw free wool schedule, and to have delayed the decision only on sugar schedule, left open for senators and representatives from Louisiana, and from the new sugar states to agree to accept free sugar three years later.

There is the president's attitude backed by a majority of this party in both houses of congress that any duty to escape the caucuses pledge on the wool schedule will not be tolerated.

There will be no trouble in getting the tree wool through the House, and the senate leaders propose that there shall be no kicking over the traces when it reaches the Senate chamber.

It is argued by some leaders that effects by senators to dodge the sugar pledge on wool or sugar schedule will not be tolerated. Negotiations on the sugar tariff continued throughout the day, until a decision was reached at a late hour tonight. It became evident during the day that interests made between sugar and wool politicians looking for protection in both industries had been made. It is claimed, however, that the influence of the president and his control over the Senate is so strong, he will be able to force all but one or two senators into final acceptance of the proposed revision.

Australian Tennis Team Sails.

SYDNEY, Australia, April 5.—The Australian lawn tennis team which is to meet the American team in the preliminary tie for the Dwight F. Davis international lawn tennis championship sailed today on the steamer Southern Cross for Vancouver. The team is composed of Campbell Jones, George Rice and S. M. Doubt.

## EXPLANATION OF OMAHA TORNADO

### SCIENTIFIC ANALYSIS OF CAUSE OF GREAT DISASTER

By Associated Press

OMAHA, Neb., April 5.—A hot current passed under a cold current, the colder pressed down on the warmer, harder and harder until great holes were torn in the cold current. Then the warm air shot up through these holes.

This started energy and a whirling motion and the tornado resulted.

There were three distinct whirlwinds in Nebraska Easter Sunday, according to Professor Charles and R. A. Lovett of the State University, who are here collecting scientific data regarding the storm for the Federal government. They were parts of the same disturbance, however.

They declare that if the twister which passed through Berlin, Neb., had struck Omaha, it would have been wiped off the map. A great mass of cold air coming from the northwest, and a mass of warmer air moving toward the south west.

Local weather.

PATERSON, N. J., April 5.—William D. Haywood was discharged from employ today after a hearing on charges of disorderly conduct in connection with the silk mill workers strike.

A crowd of industrial workers of the world, decked in court. Some one operated a moving picture machine through an open window.

The industrial workers have sold the moving picture rights of the Haywood trial.

Released from custody after hearing disorderly charge.

COMMITTEEMEN SELECTED TO DATE

WAYS AND MEANS COMMITTEE MAKES FOLLOWING SELECTIONS

By Associated Press

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 5.—The committees of the Sixty-third Congress chosen today by the ways and means committee are as follows: Rules committee, Henry Teller, of Colorado; Garrett, of Pennsylvania; Foster, of Illinois; Farnsworth, of Kentucky; Conroy, of New York; Committee on accounts, Lloyd Hinman, of New Jersey; Underhill, of Missouri; Smith, of Texas; Hamlin, of New Hampshire; Kinkaid, of Colorado; Howard, of Georgia; Abercrombie, of Alabama; Committee on enrolled bills, Whipple, of Ohio; on mileage, Bailey of Pennsylvania.

Overflow in North Dakota.

NECHEL, N. D., April 5.—The Missouri river has overflowed, doing serious damage. It has risen twelve feet in a single day.

Committee on ways and means.

Ways and means.